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PLECULATE OF SOVIET ALD PROBLEM

- Soviet foreign economic policy toward specific underdeveloped countries of the Free World appears to be clear-out. Consequently, when situations which the Soviet Union can exploit appear in these countries, the State Committee for Foreign Roomsmic Relations is able to move into high gear on short notice. Generally speaking, the better the appartunity looks to the Soviet Union, the more repidly it acts to offer aid and conclude an agreement with the Free World country concerned. In instances where the recipient of this aid has had strong ties with the United States, the Soviet reaction is especially swift. Egypt and Indenesia are prime examples of such speed. Approaches have also been made to Turkey and Iran, but the receptivity has been for less than the Soviet Union anticipated.
 - 2. The Soviet Union has established what amount to field offices of the State Committee for Foreign Recommic Assistance in Cairo and Kabul with considerable autonomy so far as implementation of the general sid agreements are concerned.
 - In the main the Boviet Union and its allied communist states furnish aid for whatever the underdeveloped country of the Free World requests without consideration of the advisability of the and-use from the point of view of the recipient. The Soviet Union and certain of its European Satellites appear especially



eager to furnish military equipment and supplies in the face of turn-downs or delays by the United States or allied Western powers. In a few notable instances -- Egypt, Syria, and Indonesia -- military aid agreements have been the precursors of substantial economic assistance.

- A. Recent evidence points to increased use of the European Satellites as subcontractors under large Soviet sconomic credits to Egypt, Syria, and Indonesia. This appears to stem from the establishment in the Council for Economic Mutual Assistance of policies and procedures for close cooperation among members of the Soviet Mice in pursuance of the foreign economic policies of the Soviet Union.
- 5. Repayment terms for Seviet aid loans border on the generous.

 Interest rates, reflecting internal rates in the Soviet Bloc, are

 low most frequently 2 to 3 percent; payments often can be made in

 soft currencies or commodities produced desestically; periods of

 12 years and on occasion up to 20 years are established for smortise
 tion of the principal.